

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL

School of Mathematics

Ordinary Differential Equations 2

Mock Exam

9 November 2018 45 minutes

This paper contains **three** questions. All answers will be used for assessment.

Calculators are not permitted in this examination.

On this examination, the marking scheme is indicative and is intended only as a guide to the relative weighting of the questions.

1. (15 marks)

Consider the following ODE for $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= \lambda x, \\ \dot{y} &= x + \lambda y,\end{aligned}$$

where $\lambda > 0$.

(a) (4 marks)

Determine the equilibrium point(s) and its/their stability.

(b) (6 marks)

Compute the flow generated by the ODE.

(c) (5 marks)

Draw the phase portrait.

2. (5 marks)

Consider the following ODE for $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$:

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= x f(x, y), \\ \dot{y} &= y g(x, y),\end{aligned}$$

where $f, g: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are smooth functions.

Show that each of the four quadrants, i.e. each of the sets

$$\begin{aligned}\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x > 0, y > 0\}, \\ \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x > 0, y < 0\}, \\ \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x < 0, y > 0\}, \\ \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x < 0, y < 0\},\end{aligned}$$

is an invariant set.

3. (10 marks)

Which of the following trajectories on \mathbb{R}^2 can be solutions of a first-order autonomous linear ODE?

(a) $(x(t), y(t)) = (3e^t + e^{-t}, e^{2t})$.

(b) $(x(t), y(t)) = (3e^t + e^{-t}, e^t)$.

(c) $(x(t), y(t)) = (3e^t + e^{-t}, te^t)$.

(d) $(x(t), y(t)) = (3e^t, t^2e^t)$.

(e) $(x(t), y(t)) = (e^t + 2e^{-t}, e^t + 2e^{-t})$.

You must justify your answer.